

For those in real estate investment, the financial reporting period for the year ending 30 June 2020 will bring back memories. Many will refer to the anecdotes of 2008 during the Global Financial Crisis (GFC) assuming 'what was old, will be new again'. Twelve years on from the GFC, the issues may be similar however reporting standards have changed.

Since the GFC, we've seen the introduction of two key accounting standards impacting the sector, AASB 9 Financial Instruments and AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement. We've also seen the arrival of globally adopted valuation standards.

Our experts have put together our Top 10 commercial considerations for financial reporting in the real estate investment sector.

Commercial issue	Description and considerations for financial reporting	Entity Type							
		Real Estate Investment Entities					Managers & Trustees		
		REIT	UCPF	UPDF	UMGF	URSF	Managers	RE&T	
Valuations	 Reduced transactional activity may result in less direct valuation evidence. There is likely to be greater reliance on discounted cash flow valuations 								
	 When adopting valuations, expanded disclosures in financial reports may be required to provide appropriate sensitivities and highlight estimation uncertainty 	✓	✓			✓			
	 Physical access to real estate given social distancing measures may create practical limitations for valuers 								
	 Significant uncertainty disclosed in independent valuations may require additional disclosure in financial and auditors reports 								
Rent relief - Mandatory Code of Conduct	Rent relief granted according to the mandatory code of conduct for commercial leases will impact returns in current and future periods								
	 Revised lease arrangements may result in downwards pressure on asset values and fund performance 	✓	✓			✓			
	 Deferred rent relief granted and recognised as income will need to be assessed for recoverability 								
	Straight line rent calculations need to be updated for rent relief								



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Income arrears	The likelihood of higher arrears and slower collections may result in higher provisioning and impact returns. Enhanced disclosures may be required, including any concentration of credit risk	✓	✓		✓				
Debt	 Softening asset values and/or reduced returns may result in pressure on debt covenants 								
	 Capacity to refinance and/or roll facilities may be challenging where facilities expire over the next 12 months 	√	√	√					
	 Reclassification of borrowings from non- current to current, additional disclosures on covenant compliance and going concern disclosures may be required in financial and audit reports 								
Delay in construction and development	Delays may result in reduced development profit given increased holding costs and/or costs to complete. This may create downward pressure on development inventory where net realisable value may decrease below cost	√		√		√			
Interest rates	Recent reductions in the cash rate have resulted in fixed rate interest rate swaps moving further 'out of the money' decreasing NTA	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			
Redemptions and unit pricing	 Funds with a liquidity mechanism may experience an increase in redemption requests. Unit pricing policies should be up to date and pricing reflective of current financial circumstances 	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			
Government stimulus	The government has provided assistance to businesses in the form of the JobKeeper stimulus package which can significantly boost cash flow in these difficult times						√		
package: JobKeeper	 The application of the legislation and financial reporting implications is not straight forward and additional care should be taken in implementation 								



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Events subsequent to reporting date	 COVID-19 related events that occur after the financial reporting date may require either adjustment to reported balances or additional disclosures 	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Management and performance fees - reductions, deferrals	Reduced underlying fund performance may result in trustees and managers receiving less income and/or waiving or deferring fees. This may have consequences for AFSL NTA requirements (where relevant) and require further analysis on fee recoverability								
	 Performance fee calculations and accruals may need to be re-assessed given the change in the economic environment 	✓	✓	✓	√	✓	✓	✓	
	 Additional disclosures to ensure financial statement users are appropriately informed of material, estimates and judgements 								

Get in touch

Our specialist advisory team, who work every day with their clients on these issues are here to help you navigate through this reporting cycle.

Whether it be supporting organisations to understand the impact of commercial issues on financial reporting, preparing advice and technical position papers, calculations, disclosures, financial statements we can help.



Rami Eltchelebi Partner, Assurance and Advisory Services

T +61 3 8635 1975

E reltchelebi@shinewing.com.au



René Muller Partner, Assurance and Advisory Services T +61 2 8059 6814 E rmuller@shinewing.com.au







shinewing.com.au

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